Blockhouse Bay -Lynfield Lions Club



DIABETES Check list

Risk Factors, Are you: Over 40 years old European

 Over 30 years old Asian/Polynesian 	
overweight	
 Family with a history of diabetes; 	
• (Women) Have you given birth to a	
baby over 4 kilo (10lb)	
Diabetes during pregnancy	c
lacking in regular exercise?	
OTHER RISK FACTORS	
 a person with high blood 	
pressure (at or above 140/90)	
Todays Check? See below	
Smoker?	
Circulation/heart problems(angina,hea	
or leg pain	
Eat lot of food high in saturated fat	
If you answered "yes" to one or more	
these questions, you may be at risk for	•
diabetes.	
Millions of people are	
Unaware that they have diabetes	; .
Symptoms of diabetes include:	
• Tiredness	
unusual thirst;	
 frequent urination; 	
 Infections/boils/rashes/slow healing 	
 unexplained weight loss. 	
* sensation change (pins & needles)	
* Blurred vision	
This random screening session result	S
DateTime	
No of Risk Factors present	
No of Symptoms present :	
Blood Pressure/	

Random Capillary Blood Glucose

(at or above 140/90 advise see your doctor

* mmol/ See recommendations



The following guide has been put together using current recommendations

If the test is a random glucose > 2hours after meal (community meter screening – NOT diagnosis)

A value of Indicates Action required

5.5mmol/I or less Probably normal glycaemia Retest in 3 years, 1 year if previous IGT, IGF or Gestational Diabetes. Take risk reduction education.

Between 5.6mmol/I & 10.9mmol/I Increased risk of IGT or diabetes Further investigation required. Refer to

Recommend OGTT. Take risk reduction education.

11mmol or greater Possible evidence of diabetes

Refer to primary carer for follow up / ongoing care

NOTE: All results MUST be considered in conjunction with risk factors, possible margin of error in community screening technique, and consideration of presence of medical conditions / medications. A person with blood glucose of<5.5mmol/l may be referred to GP for risk reduction input should this be needed.

The complications of diabetes include:

blindness;

primary carer

- · kidney disease;
- heart disease.
- nerve disease (which

can result in lower limb amputations);

Good news!

Proper diet and regular exercise can help prevent or control diabetes.

If you have symptoms of diabetes, contact your health care professional.

This information provided by Blockhouse Bay -Lynfield Lions Club

www.bhbl-lions.org/diabetesaware https://lionsdubs.org/en/start-our-global-causes/diabetes





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